# Target Language Syntax 

CS 4300-Fall, 2007

| program | :: = variable_definitions function_definitions |
| :---: | :---: |
| function_definitions | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { function_head block } \\ & ::=\text { function_definitions function_head block } \end{aligned}$ |
| identifier_list | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { ID } \\ & ::=\text { ID [ INT_LITERAL ] } \\ & ::=\text { identifier_list , ID } \\ & ::=\text { identifier_list, ID [ INT_LITERAL ] } \end{aligned}$ |
| variable_definitions | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\varepsilon \\ & ::=\text { variable_definitions type identifier_list ; } \end{aligned}$ |
| type | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { INT } \\ & ::=\text { FLOAT } \end{aligned}$ |
| function_head | $::=$ type ID arguments |
| arguments | :: $=$ ( parameter_list ) |
| parameter_list | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\varepsilon \\ & ::=\text { parameters } \end{aligned}$ |
| parameters | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { type ID } \\ & \because:=\text { type ID [ ] } \\ & ::=\text { parameters , type ID } \\ & ::=\text { parameters, type ID [ ] } \end{aligned}$ |
| block | ::= \{ variable_definitions statements \} |
| statements | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\varepsilon \\ & ::=\text { statements statement } \end{aligned}$ |
| statement | ```::= expression ; ::= compound_statement ::= RETURN expression ; ::= IF ( bool_expression ) statement ELSE statement ::= WHILE ( bool_expression ) statement ::= input_statement ; ::= output_statement ;``` |
| input_statement | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { CIN } \\ & ::=\text { input_statement STREAMIN variable } \end{aligned}$ |
| output_statement | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { COUT } \\ & ::=\text { output_statement STREAMOUT expression } \\ & ::=\text { output_statement STREAMOUT STR_LITERAL } \\ & ::=\text { output_statement STREAMOUT ENDL } \end{aligned}$ |
| compound_statement | $\because:=\{$ statements \} |


| variable | $\begin{aligned} & ::=\text { ID } \\ & ::=\text { ID } \quad[\text { expression ] } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| expression_list | $::=\varepsilon$ |
|  | ::= expressions |
| expressions | : $=$ expression |
|  | ::= expressions , expression |
| expression |  |
|  | ::= variable INCOP expression |
|  | $::=$ simple_expression |
| simple_expression | $::=$ term |
|  | $:=$ ADDOP term |
|  | $::=$ simple_expression ADDOP term |
| term | $::=$ factor |
|  | $::=$ term MULOP factor |
| factor | : $=$ ID |
|  | ::= ID ( expression_list ) |
|  | $::=$ literal |
|  | $::=$ ( expression ) |
|  | $::=$ ID [ expression ] |
| literal | : $=$ INT_LITERAL |
|  | ::= FLT_LITERAL |
| bool_expression | :: = bool_term |
|  | :: $=$ bool_expression OR bool_term |
| bool_term | $::=$ bool_factor |
|  | ::= bool_term AND bool_factor |
| bool_factor | $::=$ ! bool_factor |
|  | $::=\text { ( bool_expression ) }$ |
|  | $::=$ simple_expression RELOP simple_expression |

Entries in boldface are tokens

ADDOP is one of + -
RELOP is one of $<><=>===$ !=
AND stands for the lexeme $\& \&$
FLT_LITERAL is a float constant without a sign (at least 1 digit before \& after decimal pt.; possible exponent)
INT_LITERAL is an integer constant without a sign
STR_LITERAL is a string enclosed in quotes ("), not longer than 1 line
MULOP is one of $* / \%$
STREAMIN is >> STREAMOUT is <<
ID follows the usual rules for C++ identifiers, and may be any length
CIN, COUT, ELSE, ENDL, FLOAT, IF, INT, RETURN, and WHILE are the keywords with those spellings
( ) [ ] \{ \}; , ! and = are single-character tokens representing themselves
Additional lexical conventions:
Comments may be entered using either /* ... */ or //, as in real C++
Any line beginning with \# (like, for instance, \#include <iostream>) is also considered a comment

